



Department
for Education

Pupil Premium and the role of the Virtual School Head 2014-15

Frequently asked questions

March 2014

What changes have been made to the conditions of grant for the Pupil Premium for looked after children in 2014-15?

The conditions of grant state the following:

Basis of the allocations to the local authority

16. The Department will allocate a provisional allocation of £1,900 per child for the number of children looked after for at least one day as recorded in the March 2013 Children Looked After Data Return (SSDA903) and aged 4 to 15 at 31 August 2012. This allocation will be updated and finalised in October 2014 based on the number of children looked after for at least one day as recorded in the March 2014 Children Looked After Data Return (SSDA903) and aged 4 to 15 at 31 August 2013.

Use of the Looked After Children Premium

17. The grant allocation for Looked After Children must be managed by the designated Virtual School Head in the authority that looks after those children to be used for the benefit of the looked after child's educational needs as described in their Personal Education Plan (PEP). The Virtual School Head should ensure there are arrangements in place to discuss with the child's education setting – usually with the designated teacher – how the child will benefit from any pupil premium funding. The local authority is not permitted to carry forward funding held centrally into the financial year 2015-2016.

The conditions of grant for the pupil premium arrangements in 2014-15 are published on the Department's website and can be found

here: https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/283193/Pupil_Premium_CoG_2014-15.pdf

What are the changes to the pupil premium arrangements for looked after children in 2014-15?

There are three main changes:

Firstly, looked after children attract a pupil premium of £1900, more than double the amount they attracted in 2013-14.

Secondly, the cohort of looked after children who attract the pupil premium is bigger and includes children looked after from the first day of care rather than, as previously, only those who had been looked after for six months or more.

Thirdly, for 2014-15 the pupil premium for looked after children must be managed by the virtual school head¹ in the authority that looks after them. Unlike in previous

¹ The Children and Families Act 2014 requires all local authorities to have someone (called the virtual school head) who will carry out the duty of the authority to promote the educational achievement of the children it looks after.

years, there is no requirement for an authority to pass the funding onto the school where the child is on roll to contribute towards meeting the needs identified in their Personal Education Plan. The presumption, however, is funding is passed to the school and this is strongly encouraged.

Why have the arrangements for managing the pupil premium for looked after children changed for 2014-15?

The Department has changed the conditions of grant regarding how the pupil premium is managed for looked after children to reflect more effectively the particular challenges of supporting their education. Now that virtual school heads will be statutory they will be responsible as part of the corporate parent role to promote the educational achievement of the children looked after by their authority. Ministers therefore want them to have a greater role in working with schools to ensure that duty is fulfilled. And now local authorities attract pupil premium for children from the first day of care giving the virtual school head management of the looked after pupil premium is administratively less bureaucratic.

Does the virtual school head have to manage the budget or can this be delegated to a local authority finance team?

The conditions of grant for 2014-15 states clearly that the pupil premium grant allocation must be managed by the designated virtual school head for the children looked after by the authority. This has statutory force. It is a virtual school head rather than a local authority finance team who is best placed to know how to use pupil premium to maximise the benefits to looked after pupils. Virtual school heads should consult finance teams about the best way to distribute funding to schools.

Can the Director of Finance dictate that the pupil premium funding is passed directly to schools?

The conditions of grant state that virtual school heads should manage pupil premium funding. It is therefore for the virtual school head to decide how the pupil premium for looked after children is managed. That is an important part of how the virtual school head complies with the duty under the Children Act 1989 to promote the educational achievement of the children looked after by the authority.

Does the virtual school head have to give the money to schools?

There is no requirement to do so. There is, however, a strong expectation that virtual school, heads will pass on pupil premium funding onto a child's education setting to be used to meet additional needs set out in his or her Personal Education Plan. That can be passed to the school on a termly or annual basis. Any funding not passed down to schools by the end of the financial year will have to be returned to the Department.

Does the virtual school head have to give £1900 to schools or can they give a higher or lower amount?

The conditions of grant state that grant allocation for looked after children must be managed by the virtual school head. It is for the virtual school head to decide whether to provide £1900 to a school for a looked after child or a higher or lower amount. They can also decide on whether to pay termly or annually. They can also link allocation to the content of the Personal Education Plan as agreed with the school.

Can the virtual school head pool funding for some of the authority's looked after children?

The Department expects virtual school heads to manage the pupil premium to ensure that it promotes the educational achievement of all the children looked after by the authority. It may be appropriate to pool some pupil premium for activities to benefit the authority's looked after children more holistically. For example, it might be appropriate to use this funding to provide training for a group of designated teachers across the authority or a group of Teaching Alliance schools.

Equally, a virtual school head might negotiate with a school regarding pooling pupil premium funding for looked after children with the school's pupil premium to provide an enhanced and more intensive package of support for disadvantaged children generally.

Does the pupil premium for looked after children need to be passed to non-mainstream schools?

There is no requirement to do so. There should be a discussion about what provision is being delivered and what would be provided in addition to that in accordance with the child's Personal Education Plan, if the pupil premium funding was passed on to the non-mainstream education setting.

Can the pupil premium for looked after children fund a post in the virtual school?

Pupil premium is additional funding provided to raise the achievement of looked after pupils and close the achievement gap. It is not intended to fund posts that should be the responsibility of local authorities as a corporate parent.

There may be instances where some pupil premium funding can be used to support the work of a person where it can be very clearly demonstrated that their role has a significant contribution to promoting the educational achievement of the children looked after by the authority. That role could, for example, involve working with schools to raise the quality of learning targets in a child's Personal Education Plan.

Can some of the pupil premium for looked after children be spent on providing other central services that support their education?

Pupil premium funding is additional funding provided to support schools to raise the achievement of disadvantaged pupils, including looked after children. It should not be used to fund central services that would reasonably be expected to be funded by local authorities, to comply with their duty to promote the educational achievement of the children they look after. As stated above, however, virtual school heads are responsible for managing the efficient use of pupil premium funding for the purpose it has been provided. They will therefore need to demonstrate a direct link between spending and raising standards of achievement for the children looked after by their authority, wherever they are placed.

Are virtual school heads accountable for the use and impact of the pupil premium on the achievement of looked after children, in the same way as head teachers?

Virtual school heads are responsible for making sure there are effective arrangements in place for allocating pupil premium funding to benefit children looked after by their authority. That means:

- making sure that pupil premium funding for looked after children is spent effectively and fully, given any underspend needs to be returned to the Department at the end of the financial year;
- being able to demonstrate how pupil premium funding managed by the virtual school head is linked to raising achievement for looked after children and closing the gap between their achievement and that of their peers; and
- having arrangements in place to engage with the looked after child's school (usually with the designated teacher) about how pupil premium funding allocated to the school is contributing to meet the needs identified in his/her Personal Education Plan.

Schools are accountable for the educational attainment and progress of all disadvantaged pupils who attract pupil premium on their roll, through Ofsted inspections and KS2/KS4 school performance tables. Virtual school heads and others involved in Personal Education Plans will want a constructive dialogue with schools about how best to support looked after children using the pupil premium.

The Ofsted framework for the inspection of children looked after services states that, as part of the performance information required, the inspector will ask for the annual report of the virtual school head. We would expect that to include information about how the pupil premium has been managed and the impact it has made.

But to whom is the virtual school head accountable within their local authority?

That depends on the line management arrangements in individual local authorities. Ultimately, however, the virtual school head is accountable to the Director of Children's Services and/or the Chief Executive and the Lead Member for Children.

How should the funding be allocated for looked after children in 2014-15 when the funding is based on one-year old data in the SSDA903?

It is important to distinguish the basis on which funding is allocated to local authorities from SSDA903 data and how that funding is managed by the virtual school head to support those children who are looked after during the 2014-15 period.

The provisional allocation is based on the number of children looked after for at least one day and aged 4 to 15 at 31 August 2012, as submitted in the SSDA903 in March 2013. This allocation is updated and finalised in October 2014, based on the number of children looked after for at least one day and aged 4 to 15 at 31 August 2013, as submitted in the SSDA903 in March 2014.

This funding should be managed by the virtual head teacher so it is used to support those children looked after by the local authority for one day or more during the 2014-15 period. This needs to take account of the fact that children move in and out of care.

How should virtual school heads give schools funding for children who have been looked after for a very short period?

It is up to virtual schools heads to manage pupil premium funding for looked after children during the 2014-15 period. Although £1900 is allocated for each looked after child, irrespective of how long they have been in care, this does not necessarily mean that virtual head teachers are expected to manage the funding on the same basis to schools. Virtual head teachers can therefore manage the funding to take account of the length of time in care, as well as other factors, if they wish. The funding, however, should always be to support the educational achievement of the looked after child, as described in their Personal Education Plan.

Can the virtual school head carry over pupil premium funding to 2015-16?

No. Any pupil premium funding that has not been passed to schools or spent by 31 March 2015 must be returned to the Department.

Can we give foster carers the pupil premium to spend rather than give it to schools?

The virtual school head manages pupil premium funding to support the education of looked after children, as set out in the Personal Education Plan. The expectation is that this funding is passed to schools unless there are clear reasons not to do this. It should not be used for activity that the local authority should normally be expected to fund as the corporate parent, such as support for foster carers. Foster carers, however, have an essential role in supporting the education of the children for whom they care. Foster carers can therefore make a valuable contribution, such as with the Personal Education Plan.

Does the pupil premium for 2014-15 work in the same way as personal education allowances did?

No. The pupil premium is not a replacement for the personal education allowance. The pupil premium is much more focussed on support to improve the educational achievement of looked after children and close the gap between looked after children and their peers.

Can virtual school heads impose conditions on how schools use the pupil premium for looked after children?

We want local authorities to have a constructive and meaningful dialogue with the schools on the most effective use of the funding and not impose conditions. The funding should support children's Personal Educational Plan, overseen by the designated teacher in the school.

Can a school insist that they get £1900 for a looked after child on roll?

It is up to the virtual school head to decide how the funding is managed, including how funding is distributed to schools. Although £1900 is allocated for each looked after child, irrespective of how long they have been in care, this does not necessarily mean that virtual head teachers are expected to manage the funding on the same basis to schools. Virtual school heads should also work closely with schools about how best to meet the needs identified in a child's Personal Education Plan with support provided through the pupil premium.

Can an amount be held by the virtual school head to administer the grant?

Pupil premium funding is additional funding provided to support schools to raise the achievement of disadvantaged pupils, including looked after children. It should not be used to fund central services such as the virtual school head to administer the funding. The pupil premium should be used to provide additional support for looked after children in order to raise the achievement of looked after children.

What tips have virtual school heads got to share about how they have worked with schools up to now in how the pupil premium is used?

Talk to other virtual school heads in your area through the virtual school head regional structures.

Department for Education